ESSENTIAL CIVIL WAR CURRICULUM

The Battle of Brice's Crossroads

By Stewart Bennett, Blue Mountain College

Resources

If you can read only one book

Author	Title. City: Publisher, Year.
Bennett, Stewart	The Battle of Brice's Crossroads. Charlestown, South
	Carolina: The History Press, 2012.

Books and Articles

Author	Title. City: Publisher, Year. "Title," in Journal ##, no. # (Date): #.
Bearss, Edwin C.	Forrest at Brice's Crossroads and in North Mississippi in 1864, Dayton, OH: Morningside Bookshop, 1979.
Dinges, Bruce J. and Shirley A. Leckie, eds.	A Just and Righteous Cause: Benjamin H. Grierson's Civil War Memoir, Carbondale: Southern Illinois University Press, 2008.
Hills, Parker	A Study in Warfighting: Nathan Bedford Forrest and the Battle of Brice's Crossroads Danville, Virginia: The Papers of the Blue and Gray Education Society, Number 2, 1995, http://www.blueandgrayeducation.org/publications/monographs/a-study-in-warfighting/accessed April 28, 2015 .
Hughes, Jr. Nathaniel Cheairs	Brigadier General Tyree H. Bell, C.S.A.: Forrest's Fighting Lieutenant, Knoxville: The University of Tennessee Press, 2004.
Jordan, Thomas and J.P. Pryor	The Campaigns of Lieut- Gen. N.B. Forrest, New Orleans: Blelock, 1868.

Lee, Stephen D.	"Battle of Brice's Crossroads, or Tishomingo
	Creek, June 2 nd to 12 th , 1864." <i>Publications</i>
	of the Mississippi Historical Society Vol. VI.
	Franklin L. Riley, Ed. Oxford: Mississippi
	Historical Society, 1902.
MacDonald, Colin F.	"The Battle of Brice's Cross Roads," in
Triad Sonard, Commit.	Glimpses of the Nation's Struggle. A Series
	of Papers Read Before the Minnesota
	Commandery of the Military Order of the
	Loyal Legion of the United States 1903-
	1908. vol. 6. Minneapolis, MN: August
	Davis, Publisher, 1909.
Mathes, James Harvey	General Forrest, New York: D. Appleton,
Trianes, varies rai vey	1902.
Morton, John Watson	The Artillery of Nathan Bedford Forrest's
Trioreon, voim Trueson	Cavalry, The Wizard of the Saddle.
	Nashville, TN; Dallas, TX: Publishing House
	of the M.E. Church South, Smith & Lamar
	Agents, 1909.
United States War Department	War of the Rebellion: Official Records of the
	<i>Union and Confederate Armies</i> , 128 vols.
	(Washington D.C.: Government Printing
	Office, 1880-1901), Series I, volume 39.
Wills, Brian Steel	A Battle from the Start, New York: Harper
	Collins, 1992.
Wyeth, John Allen	Life of Lieutenant-General Nathan Bedford
	Forrest. New York; Harper & Brothers
	Publishers, 1908.

Organizations

Organization Name	Description, Contact information including address,
	email
Brices Cross Roads National Battlefield	This is the NPS Brices Cross Roads one-acre
Site	commemorative site administered by the Natchez Trace
	Parkway. The site is located 15 miles north of Tupelo
	Mississippi on Mississippi Highway 370 six miles from
	Baldwyn Mississippi.
Rutherford B. Hayes Presidential Center	Gessner fought with the 72 nd Ohio at Brice's
Dr. Gustavus A. Gessner - LH-93	Crossroads. Part of the collection contains letters, from
Collection	mainly Union Civil War veterans who participated in
	the battle of Brice's Crossroads, also known as the
	fight at Guntown, Mississippi. These men wrote of

	their recollections of the battle and General Sturgis's behavior during the fighting. The collection is summarized at http://www.rbhayes.org/hayes/mssfind/285/gessner.htm To obtain permission to access the collection contact Curator of Manuscripts Nan Card, Rutherford B. Hayes Presidential Center, Spiegel Grove, Fremont, Ohio 43420. 1/800-998-7737, ext. 239, ncard@rbhayes.org
Mississippi's Final Stands	Mississippi's Final Stands is an Interpretive Center covering the Battle of Brice's Crossroads and the Battle of Tupelo/Harrisburg. The Interpretive Center is located at 607 Grisham St. Baldwyn MS 38824, 662 365 3969. The Interpretive Center is open from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Tuesday through Saturday and closed on most major holidays. Their website is: http://www.finalstands.com/battlegrounds/

Web Resources

URL	Name and description
http://www.civilwar.org/battlefields/brice-	This is the Civil War Trust's home page for
<u>s-cross-roads.html</u>	the Battle of Brice's Crossroads which
	contains basic information concerning the
	battle and includes maps and pictures.

Other Sources

Scholars

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Stewart Bennett	sbennett@bmc.edu
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Google Keywords

While Grant led the war effort from the eastern theater, he put his trust in his close friend Major General William Tecumseh Sherman to command and oversee the work of the Union armies in the Western Theater. According to Grant, Sherman's ultimate goals

included the destruction of the Army of Tennessee, if possible, and the capture of Atlanta. Atlanta was a major railroad hub for the South and specifically the Western Theater. By taking Atlanta, Sherman would sever Confederate rail lines between the two theaters of war thus continuing to divide the Confederacy. In order to make these goals obtainable, Sherman needed a strong army and a protected supply line. Sherman focused on how to supply his armies throughout the campaign toward Atlanta. Damage to Sherman's supply line would have caused lengthy delays in the Union army's movements and ultimately would have meant disaster for Sherman. One of Sherman's problems and, quite possibly his most vexing, was the fear of a Confederate attack upon his long vulnerable supply line by Major General Nathan Bedford Forrest and his cavalry forces. In May 1864 Sherman sent Brigadier General Samuel Davis Sturgis with this small army out of Memphis to find and fight Forrest. On June 10 Forrest fought Sturgis' cavalry at Brice's Crossroads, both sides fighting dismounted. The Confederates were victorious driving the Federals back to Memphis suffering 492 casualties to the Federal 1,623 casualties, but Sherman achieved his objective of keeping Forrest engaged and away from his supply lines.
